Reporting skin damage through the Safeguarding Adults procedure

This document provides information to professionals, frontline staff and care providers including staff in residential and nursing care homes and domiciliary care:
- Where concerned that presenting skin damage is due to neglect/self-neglect and/or poor practice.
- It will help to decide whether to refer through the Safeguarding Adults Procedure.

Damage to a person’s skin can include bruises, scratches, skin tears, pressure ulcers. Skin damage has many causes which include neglect, self-neglect and acts of omission and should be looked at on an individual basis. Some causes of skin damage relate to the individual person, including factors such as the person’s medical conditions and hydration.

Pressure ulcers are caused by sustained pressure, where the person’s individual tissue tolerance and susceptibility to pressure has been overcome. Not all pressure ulcers can be prevented and the risk factors for each person should be looked at on an individual basis.

Pressure ulcers may occur as a result of neglect/self-neglect or acts of omission, including ignoring medical or physical care needs, failure to provide access to appropriate health care and support, medication, nutrition and heating. In some instances this can result in significant preventable skin damage.

If there is evidence that skin damage is a result of neglect/self-neglect or acts of omission you must:
- Record the evidence in accordance with your organisations own procedures (e.g. completion of body map, patient or resident’s notes, incident reports).
- Report a safeguarding concern to Social Care Direct (or relevant LA), giving clear reasons why you believe the skin damage may be due to neglect/acts of omission/abuse.
- Report the incident to your own organisation as well, using your own incident reporting system.

Points to consider:
- Is the skin damage new? Has it happened before? Why/how it happened?
- Has there been a recent change in the person’s health that would account for a sudden change in their skin?
- Have all appropriate steps been taken to prevent damage occurring/deteriorating?
- If appropriate and proportionate steps have been taken to prevent skin damage occurring or worsening but the person’s skin remains unchanged - report as a safeguarding concern.

Contacts
- Social Care Direct 03000 26 79 79 (Durham County Council) or relevant Local Authority
- NHS Tissue Viability Service 01325 743179
- CCG Adult Safeguarding Lead 0191 389 8607

https://www.nice.org.uk/advice/mib124
Department of Health & Social Care: Safeguarding Adults Protocol Pressure Ulcers and interface with a safeguarding enquiry